

Installation Instructions

PAM3 SERIES

PACKAGE AIR CONDITIONERS

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1. Safety Labeling and Signal Words

Danger, Warning and Caution

The signal words **DANGER**, **WARNING** and **CAUTION** are used to identify levels of hazard seriousness. The signal word **DANGER** is only used on product labels to signify an immediate hazard. The signal words **WARNING** and **CAUTION** will be used on product labels and throughout this manual and other manuals that may apply to the product.

Signal Words

DANGER - Immediate hazards which **WILL** result in severe personal injury or death.

WARNING - Hazards or unsafe practices which **COULD** result in severe personal injury or death.

CAUTION - Hazards or unsafe practices which **MAY** result in minor personal injury or product or property damage.

Signal Words in Manuals

The signal word **WARNING** is used throughout this manual in the following manner:



The signal word **CAUTION** is used throughout this manual in the following manner:

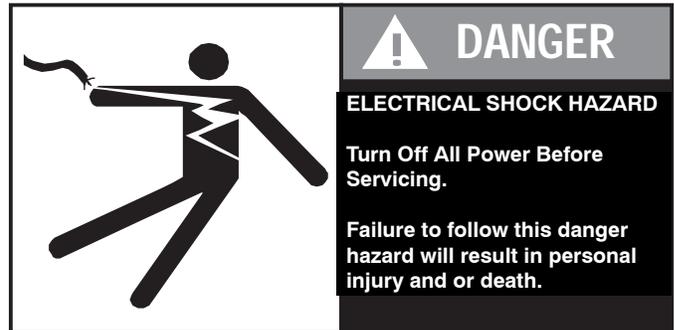


Product Labeling

Signal words are used in combination with colors and/or pictures on product labels. Following are examples of product labels with explanations of the colors used.

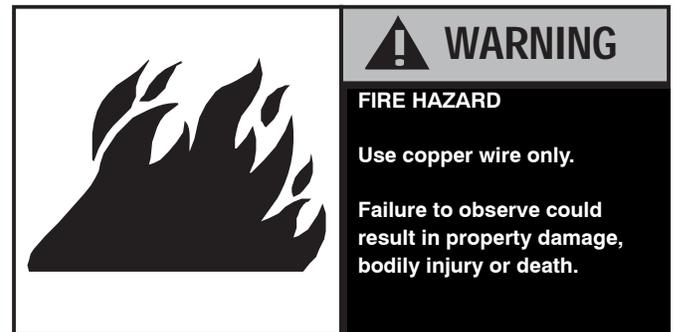
Danger Label

White lettering on a black background except the word **DANGER** which is white with a red background.



Warning Label

White lettering on a black background except the word **WARNING** which is black with an orange background.

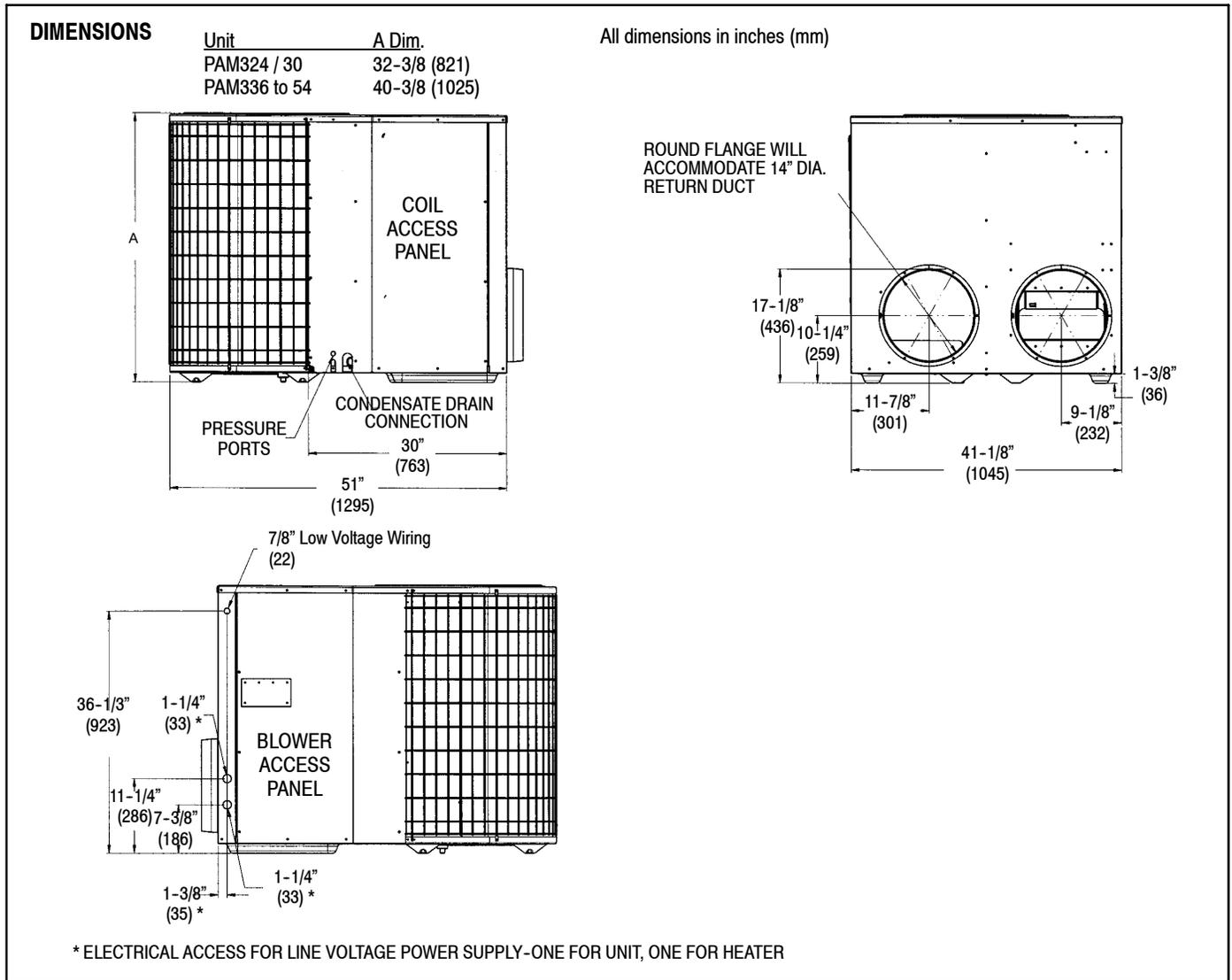


Caution Label

White lettering on a black background except the word **CAUTION** which is black with a yellow background.



2. Dimensions



3. Safe Installation Requirements

⚠ WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Installation or repairs made by unqualified persons can result in hazards to you and others. Installation **MUST** conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the ANSI Z223.1 and the National Electrical Code NFPA70-current edition or in Canada the National Standard CAN/CGA B149-1 and CSA C.22.1 - Canadian Electrical Code Part 1.

Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual could result in furnace malfunction, property damage, personal injury and/or death.

The information contained in this manual is intended for use by a qualified service technician familiar with safety procedures and equipped with the proper tools and test instruments.

- Seal supply and return air ducts.

426 01 1101 00

- Check to see that filters are installed correctly and are the proper type and size.

NOTE: It is the personal responsibility and obligation of the customer to contact a qualified installer to ensure that the installation is adequate and conforms to governing codes and ordinances.



CAUTION

REDUCED UNIT LIFE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in property damage

Do **NOT** operate unit in a corrosive atmosphere containing chlorine, fluorine, or any other corrosive chemicals.

4. Locating The Unit

The unit is designed for outdoor installation only. Place the unit on a platform at ground level. The unit may be installed on a concrete slab of 48" (1219mm) x 48" (1219mm) dimensions. Concrete blocks on a 3" sand footing will also work. The slab or blocks

SHOULD NOT be in contact with any part of the structure. Check local codes covering zoning, noise, platforms, etc..

Avoid locating next to fresh air intakes, vent or bedroom windows. Noise may carry into the openings and disturb people inside.

Avoid installations under roof overhangs without guttering. Water draining from the roof onto the unit could produce excessive noise, and may cause ice to build up on coil or fan.

Placement of the unit should be in a well drained area or the unit **MUST** be supported high enough so runoff will not enter the unit.

Do not locate unit where heat, lint or exhaust fumes will be discharged on unit (as from dryer vents.)

Clearances

Minimum clearances, as specified in **FIGURE 1**, **MUST** be maintained from adjacent structures to provide adequate air circulation and room for service personnel.

While minimum clearances are acceptable for safety reasons, they may not allow adequate air circulation around the unit for proper operation. Whenever possible, it is desirable to allow additional clearance, especially around the condenser inlet and discharge openings.

Do **NOT** install the unit in a recessed or confined area that will permit discharged air from the condenser to recirculate to the condenser inlet.

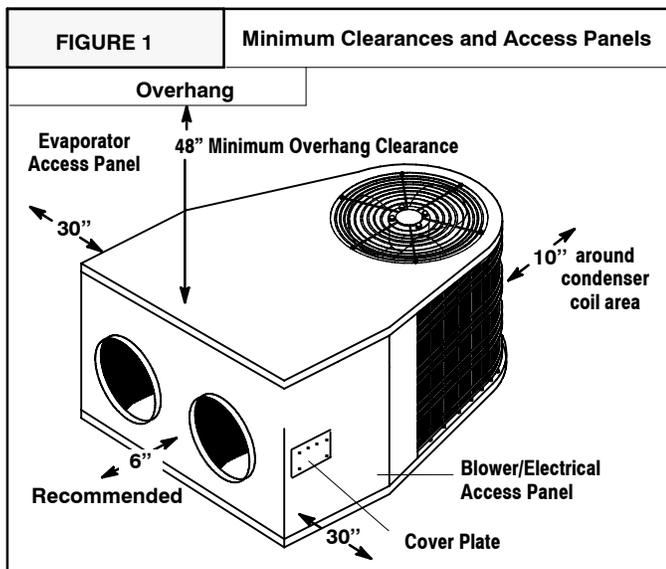
Minimum Clearances to Combustible Construction

SERVICE ACCESS CLEARANCES

Blower Access Panel Side 30" (762mm)
 Evaporator/Electrical Access Panel Side 30" (762mm)

OPERATIONAL CLEARANCES

Combustible Base
 (Wood or Class A, B or C
 roof covering material) 0"
 Supply and Return Air Ducts 0"
 Duct Connection Side
 0"
 Clearance between Overhang
 and Top of Unit 48" (1219mm)
 Clearance around Condenser Coil area to wall or shrubs . 10"



Installation

NOTE:

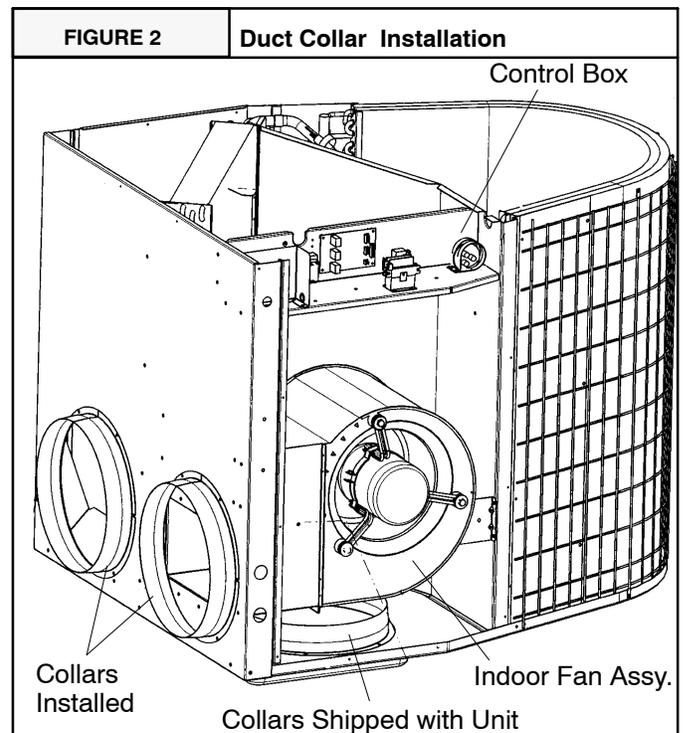
The unit must be installed with a slope no greater than 1/8" per foot (10mm per meter). For side to side leveling, the condensate drain side side MUST always be lower.

- The unit **MUST** be situated in such a way as to provide safe access for servicing.
- The platform may be made of either concrete or pressure treated wood and **MUST** be level and strong enough to support the unit's weight.
- Position platform separate from the building's foundation.
- Install in a well-drained area, with the top surface of the platform above grade level and above the average winter snow levels to prevent coil blockage.
- Platform **MUST** be high enough to allow for proper condensate drainage.

Installing Duct Collars

Duct collars are supplied with the unit but are not factory installed. The collars are shipped under the blower motor. See Figure 2.

1. Remove the collars from under the blower motor.
2. Position flange holes with existing screw holes on side wrapper.
3. Install screw in each collar so it goes through both of the holes in the collar and wrapper.

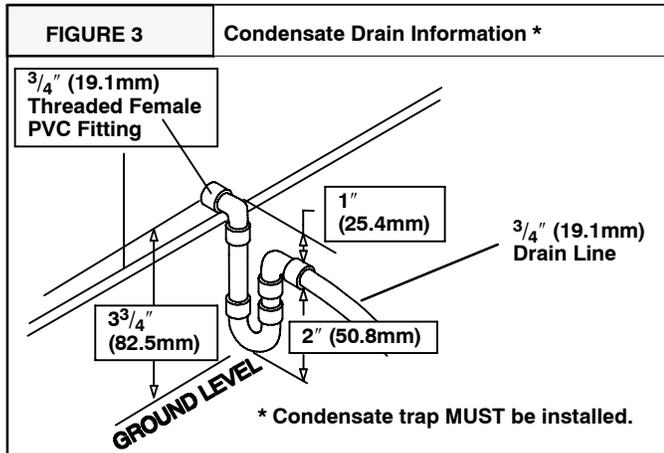


Condensate Drain

The condensate drain outlet is a $\frac{3}{4}$ " (19.1mm) threaded female PVC connection located at the bottom of the unit to the left of the evaporator access panel.

The circulating blower and the condenser fan create a negative pressure on the condensate drain line that will prevent the condensate from draining properly without a trap. To combat this negative pressure, a field supplied condensate trap that will allow a standing column of water of at least 2" (50.8mm) **MUST** be installed. The outlet of the trap must be at least 1" below the unit drain connection. **Install the trap as near to the unit as possible for proper drainage.**

A $\frac{3}{4}$ " (19.1mm) drain line **MUST** be installed if required by local codes or if location of unit requires it. Run the drain line to an open drain or other suitable disposal point as designated by local code.



5. Unit Electrical Wiring

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, and/or death.

Turn off electric power supply at disconnect switch or service panel before removing any access or service panel from unit.

Unit MUST be grounded to electrical service panel.

NOTE: All electrical work **MUST** conform with the requirements of local codes and ordinances and in the United States with National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70-1990 (or current edition). Provide line voltage power supply from a separate fused circuit with a disconnect switch (when required) located within sight of the unit. Supply voltage, amperage, fuse and disconnect switch sizes **MUST** conform with local codes and ordinances.

Wiring **MUST** be protected from possible mechanical damage and **MUST NOT** interfere with removal of access panels, filters, etc.

All exposed line voltage connections **MUST** be made through liquid tight conduit to prevent water from entering the unit through the electrical access..

Ground Connections

A ground lug is installed on the control plate (or electric heat mounting plate) for the ground connection. Use a copper conductor of the appropriate size (as designated by local code) from the unit to a grounded connection in the electrical service panel or to a properly driven and electrically grounded ground rod. See warning on this page.

Line Voltage Wiring

Do **NOT** complete line voltage connections until unit is permanently grounded. All line voltage connections and the ground connection **MUST** be made with copper wire.

Connections for line voltage are made on the unit electrical control plate. For access, remove the Blower/Electrical access panel.

Refer to applicable wiring diagram in *this Manual*. Complete the line service connections to the contactor 'L' terminals on the electrical control plate. Check all screw terminals to ensure they are tight.

NOTE: All openings must be sealed to prevent moisture from entering the control box.

Electric Heat

A variety of accessory electric heaters ranging from 5.0 to 20.0 KW provide heat in the unit when required. Each package has a heater module that mounts on the blower inlet; mounting this module requires removal of the blower assembly and attachment of the module to the blower standoffs provided. Each package also includes an associated remote mounted heater control package. Integral harnesses provided with both the heater module and control package allow connection of the two components via in-line plugs. Heaters are available both with and without circuit breakers.

See installation instructions provided with the electric heater for specific installation and application details.

Converting 230V Units to 208V

To convert 230V units to 208V:

1. Turn electric power **OFF**.
2. Remove the blower/electrical access panel.
3. Locate the 24V control transformer.
4. Remove wire from the terminal labeled "240V" on the 24V control transformer and reconnect it to the 208V terminal of the 24V control transformer.
5. Replace the electrical/compressor access panel.

Low Voltage Wiring

For access, remove the electrical control/blower access panel.

Refer to the connection wiring diagram for the applicable model and to the instructions included with the thermostat.

Route low voltage wires through the port located on the rear panel and up to the control box.

Thermostat Connections

The location of the thermostat has an important effect on the operation of the unit. See the thermostat instructions for proper connection. See **FIGURE 4** for Low Voltage Wire Harness Connections

Field Installed Equipment

Wiring to be done in the field between the unit and other devices, or between separate devices which are field installed and located, **MUST NOT** exceed the temperature limitations for type T wire and **MUST** be installed in accordance with manufacturer's instruction and applicable local codes.

Final Electrical Check

Make a final wiring check to be sure system is correctly wired. Inspect field installed wiring and the routing to ensure that rubbing or chafing due to vibration will not occur.

NOTE: Wiring **MUST** be installed so it is protected from possible mechanical damage.

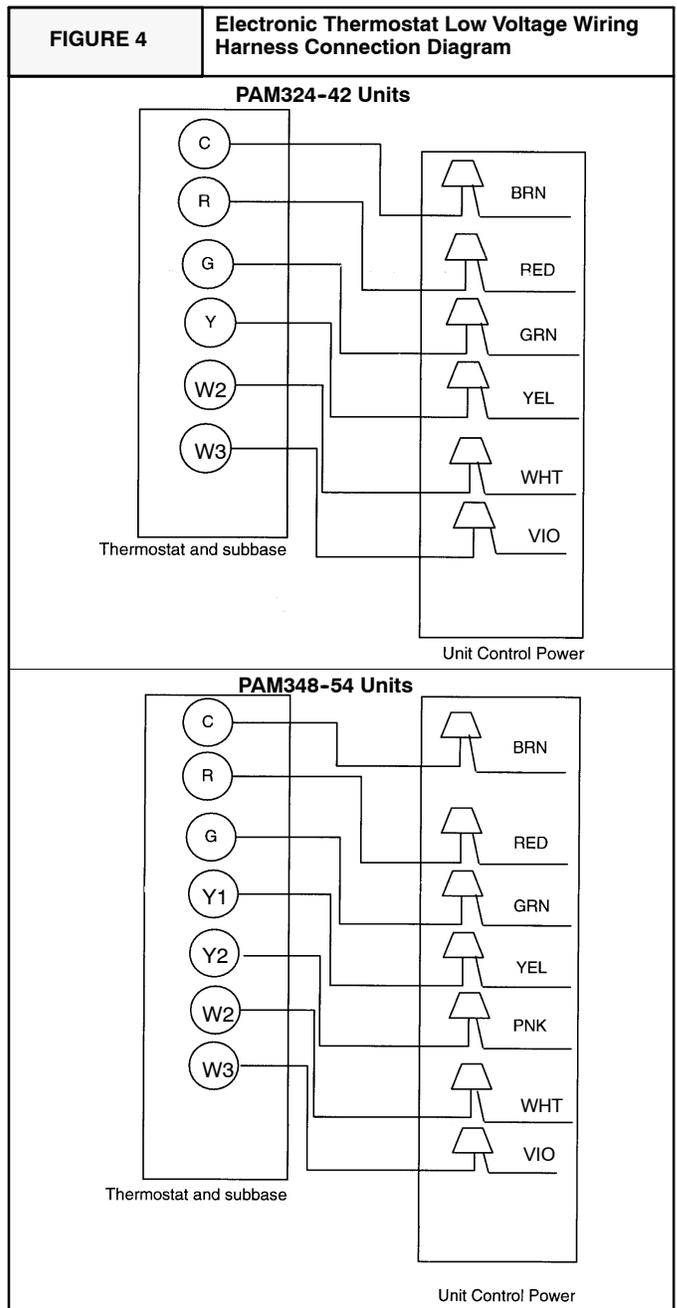
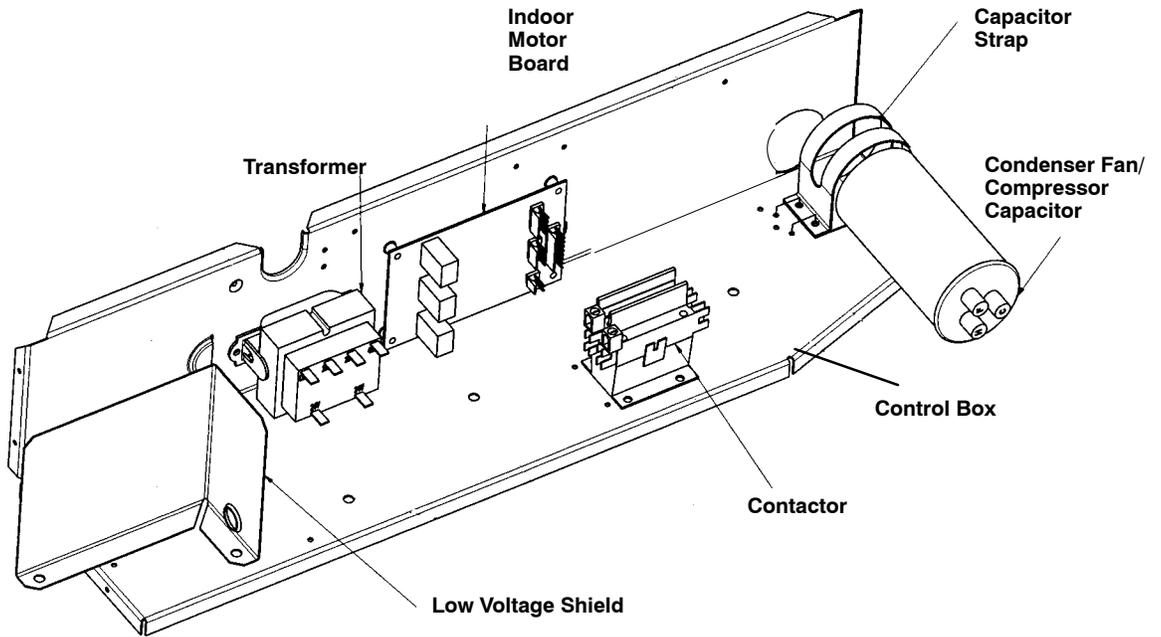
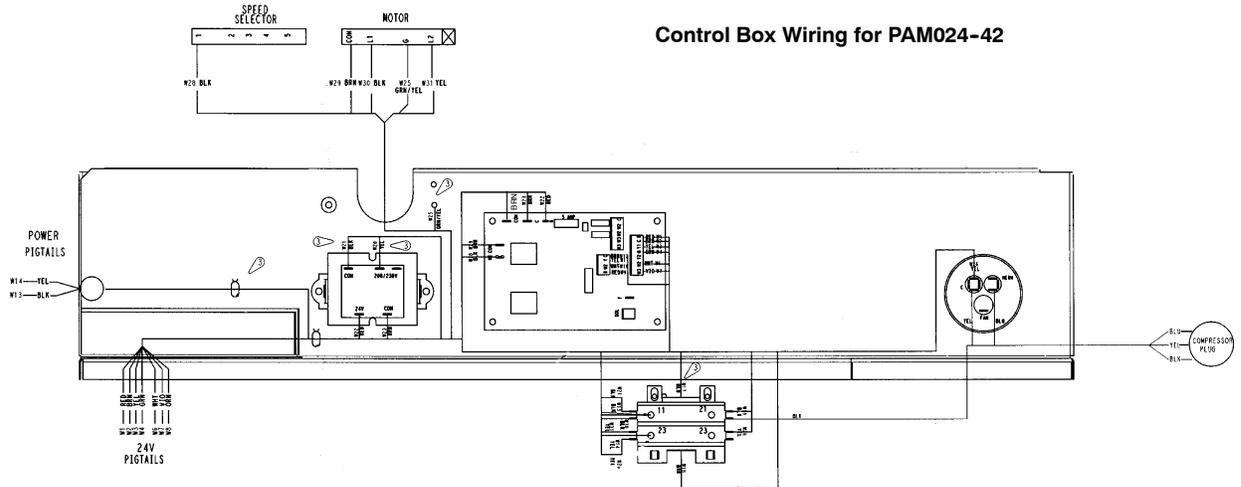


FIGURE 5

Control Box Configuration



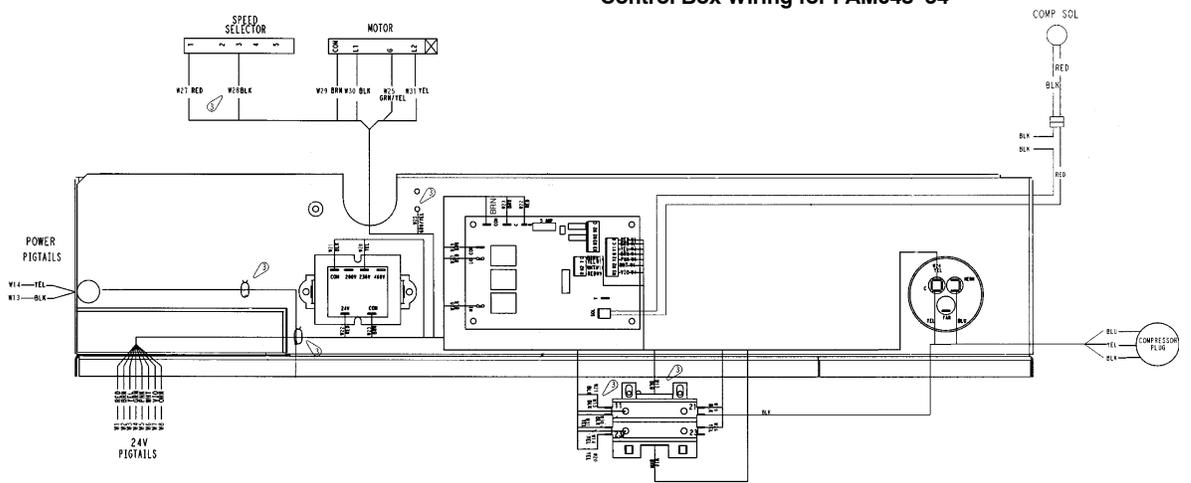
Control Box Wiring for PAM024-42



DETAIL "A"
DEFROST TIMER TO BE SET AT 60 MINUTES
(DEFAULT POSITION)

SINGLE CAPACITY CONTROL BOX - 208/230/1

Control Box Wiring for PAM048-54

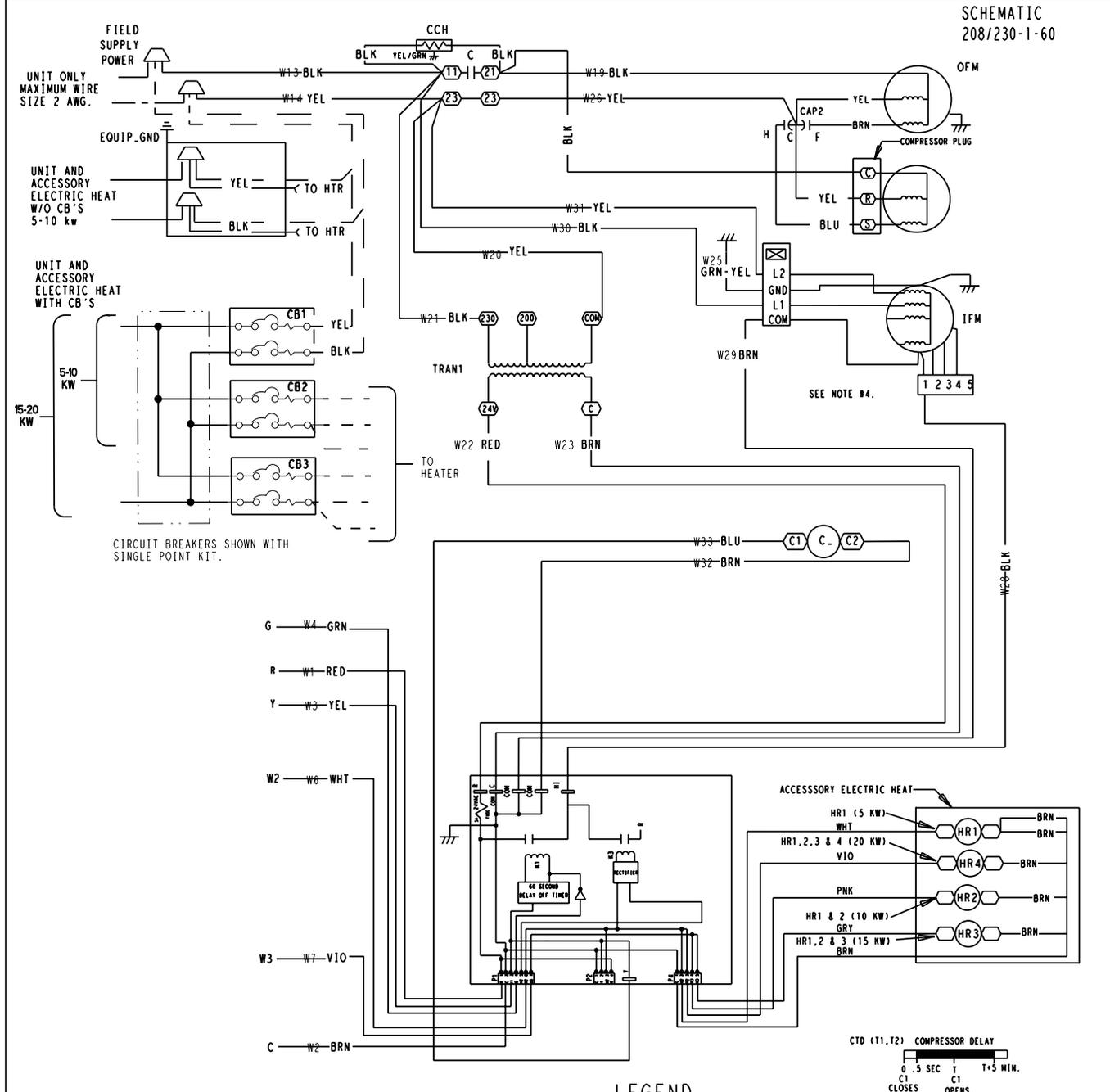


DETAIL "A"
DEFROST TIMER TO BE SET AT 60 MINUTES
(DEFAULT POSITION)

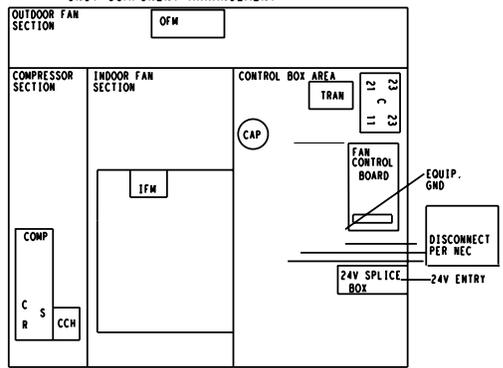
DUAL CAPACITY CONTROL BOX 208/230/1

2-3 1/2 Ton Models

SCHEMATIC
208/230-1-60



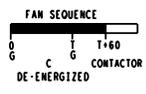
UNIT COMPONENT ARRANGEMENT



LEGEND

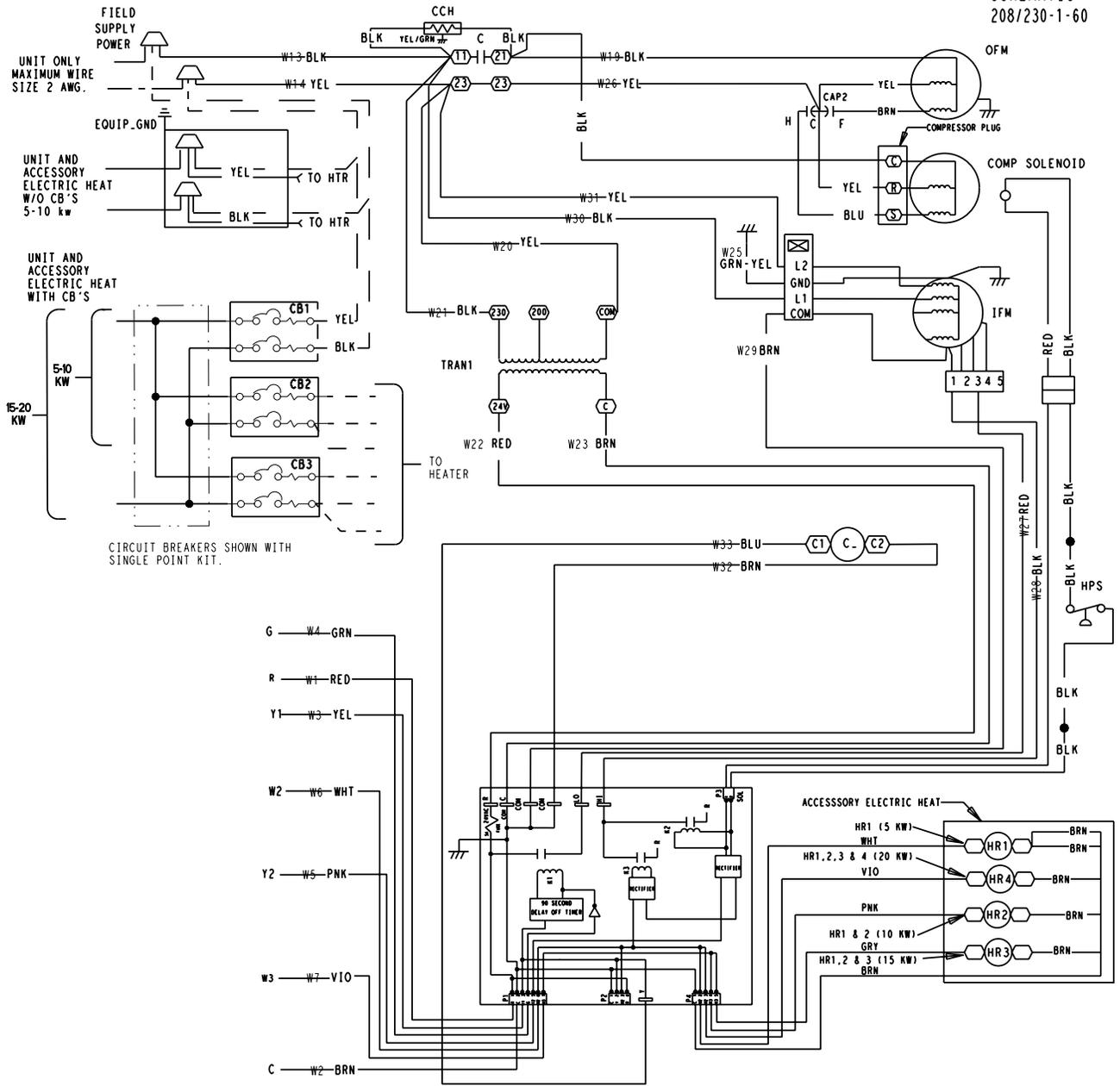
- △ FIELD SPLICE
- TERMINAL (MARKED/DE-ENERGIZED)
- TERMINAL (UNMARKED)
- SPLICE
- SPLICE (MARKED)
- FACTORY WIRING
- - - FIELD CONTROL WIRING
- - - FIELD POWER WIRING
- - - ACCESSORY OR OPTIONAL WIRING
- - - TO INDICATE COMMON POTENTIAL ONLY;
- - - NOT TO REPRESENT WIRING
- CAP CAPACITOR
- CCH CRANK CASE HEATER
- COMP COMPRESSOR MOTOR
- CTD COMPRESSOR TIME DELAY
- DB DEFROST BOARD
- DFT DEFROST THERMOSTAT
- DR DEFROST RELAY
- FCB FAN CONTROL BOARD
- GND GROUND
- HR HEATER RELAY
- IFM INDOOR FAN MOTOR
- LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
- OFM OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR
- RVS REVERSING VALVE SOLENOID
- TRAN TRANSFORMER

- NOTES:
- IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRES FURNISHED ARE REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH TYPE 90 DEGREE C WIRE OR IT'S EQUIVALENT.
 - SEE PRICE PAGES FOR THERMOSTAT AND SUBBASES.
 - USE 75 DEGREE COPPER CONDUCTORS FOR FIELD INSTALLATION.
 - A1, FACTORY WIRING FOR SPEED SELECTOR PLUG:
24 - PIN #1
30 - PIN #2
36 - PIN #1
42 - PIN #3
 - RELOCATION OF SPEED TAPS MAY BE REQUIRED WHEN USING FIELD-INSTALLED ELECTRIC HEATERS. CONSULT INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS TO DETERMINE CORRECT SPEED TAP SETTING.

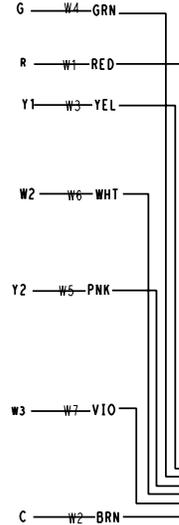


4 & 5 Ton Model

SCHEMATIC
208/230-1-60



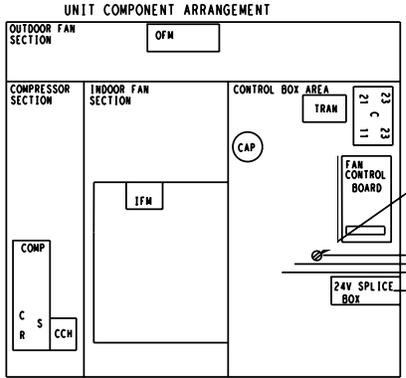
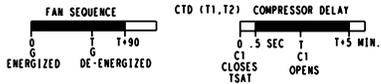
CIRCUIT BREAKERS SHOWN WITH SINGLE POINT KIT.



LEGEND

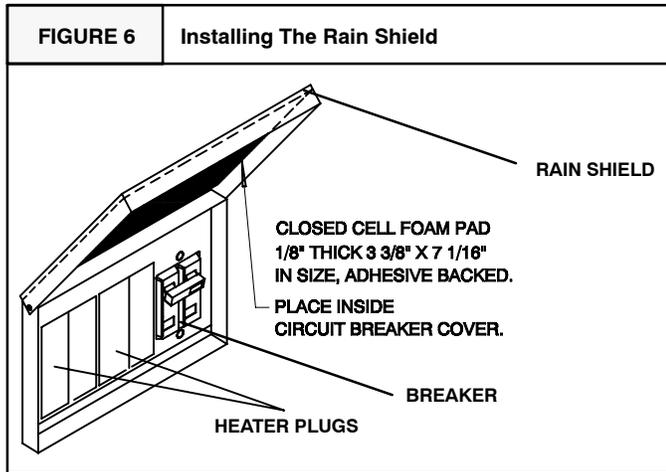
- △ FIELD SPLICE
- TERMINAL (MARKED)
- TERMINAL (UNMARKED)
- SPLICE
- SPLICE (MARKED)
- FACTORY WIRING
- - - FIELD CONTROL WIRING
- - - FIELD POWER WIRING
- - - ACCESSORY OR OPTIONAL WIRING
- TO INDICATE COMMON POTENTIAL ONLY; NOT TO REPRESENT WIRING
- C CONTACTOR
- CAP CAPACITOR
- CCH CRANK CASE HEATER
- COMP COMPRESSOR MOTOR
- CTD COMPRESSOR TIME DELAY
- DB DEFROST BOARD
- DFT DEFROST THERMOSTAT
- DR DEFROST RELAY
- FCB FAN CONTROL BOARD
- GND GROUND
- HR HEATER RELAY
- IFM INDOOR FAN MOTOR
- LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
- OFM OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR
- RVS REVERSING VALVE SOLENOID
- TRAN TRANSFORMER

- NOTES:
- IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRES FURNISHED ARE REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH TYPE 90 DEGREE C WIRE OR IT'S EQUIVALENT.
 - SEE PRICE PAGES FOR THERMOSTAT AND SUBBASES.
 - USE 15 DEGREE COPPER CONDUCTORS FOR FIELD INSTALLATION.
 - RELOCATION OF SPEED TAPS MAY BE REQUIRED WHEN USING FIELD INSTALLED ELECTRIC HEATERS. CONSULT INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS TO DETERMINE CORRECT SPEED TAP SETTING.



PAM348-54

6. Rain Shield Installation



1. Remove all screws from the cover plate on Blower/Electrical Access Panel.
2. Install adhesive backed gasket on Blower/Electrical Access Panel.
3. Install lower frame of rain shield with 4 screws.
4. Install rain shield hinged cover with 4 screws.
5. Install circuit breaker filler plates (2 each per unused breaker slot.)
6. Re-install Blower/Electrical Access Panel.

NOTE: VERIFY ALL APPROPRIATE SEALS ARE IN PLACE. SEE FIGURE 6.

7. Air Distribution System

For airflow data (blower performance data, blower speed tap settings, etc.) see the *Technical Data Sheet* attached to the unit.

Ductwork

NOTE: The total heat gain of the structure to be conditioned as expressed in total Btu/hr should be calculated by manufacturer's method or in accordance with "A.S.H.R.A.E. Guide" or "Manual J - Load Calculations" published by the Air Conditioning Contractors of America. The total heat gain calculated should be equal to or less than the cooling capacity output based on D.O.E. test procedures, steady state efficiency times input.

Ductwork, supply registers, and return air grilles **MUST** be designed and sized to handle the unit's cooling air volume

requirements. If the unit is connected to an existing system, the ductwork **MUST** be checked to make sure it is adequate. Extra runs or larger duct sizes may have to be installed.

Maximum recommended velocity in trunk ducts is 1000 feet per minute (5.08m/s). Velocity in branches should not exceed 800 feet per minute (4.06m/s). Refer to the *Technical Data Label on the unit* for unit air volume requirements and system sizing recommendations.

NOTE: Ductwork sizing affects temperature rise and cooling temperature differential. Be sure to properly size ductwork to the capacity and airflow characteristics of your unit. Failure to do so can affect limit controls, compressors, motors, and other components and will lead to premature failure of components. This will also adversely affect day to day unit performance.

Flexible Duct Kits are available from your supplier to effect proper sizing and installation to **Mobile Homes and other standard construction.**

Refer to unit rating plate for proper Electric Heat Accessory sizing and see the *Temperature Rise Check* section in the Electric Heat Accessory *Installation* manual.

Ductwork Insulation

It is recommended that ductwork installed outdoors have a minimum of 2" (51 mm) of fiberglass insulation and be covered by a weatherproof vapor barrier that is protected against damage. Caulking and flashings, or other means adequate to provide a permanent weather seal, must be used.

It is recommended that ductwork installed in attics or other areas exposed to outdoor temperatures have a minimum of 2" (51mm) fiberglass insulation and have an indoor type vapor barrier.

Ductwork Connections

The use of flexible, **non-combustible** connectors between main trunk ducts and supply and return air plenums is recommended to minimize vibration transmission .

NOTE: Connect supply and return air plenums to unit in a manner that will allow the top of the unit to be removed without removing plenums. Plenums **MUST** be individually sealed to unit casing. Ducts **MUST** be terminated inside structure.

Filters

All return air **MUST** pass through a field supplied filter before entering the unit. If used, an electronic air cleaner **MUST** be installed in the *return* air ductwork. Minimum recommended filter areas are listed in **FIGURE 7** and are based on a velocity of 300 ft./min. (1.2m/s) for disposable filters and 500 ft./min. (2.54m/s) for washable high velocity filters.

NOTE:

Do NOT operate the unit without all filters in place.

FIGURE 7		Recommended Filter Sizes	
NOTE: Some filters are marked with an arrow to indicate the proper direction of air flow through the filter. The air flow direction will be towards the blower motor. Make sure filter is installed correctly.			
Nominal Tons Air Conditioning	Nominal Air Flow Cubic Feet per Minute	Recommended Filter Sizes Sq. In. Surface Area/Nominal Size	
		Disposable Filters	Cleanable Filters
2	700-900	400 or 20 x 25	246 or 15 x 20
2 1/2	875 - 1125	487 or 20 x 30	301 or 14 x 25
3	1050 - 1350	576 or 14 x 25 (2Req.)	356 or 16 x 25
3 1/2	1225 - 1575	665 or 16 x 25 (2Req.)	411 or 20 x25
4	1400 - 1800	753 or 20 x 25 (2 Req.)	466 or 20 x 25
5	1750 - 2000	960 or 20 x 30 (2 Req.)	575 or 24 x 25

8. Start-up Procedures

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, and/or death.

Use extreme care during all of the following checks and procedures.

Make sure electric power is turned OFF as instructed in appropriate steps.

Circulating Air Blower

Determining Blower Speed

1. Turn electric power OFF.

- From the system design, determine the total external static pressure (ESP) for the supply ducts, return ducts and registers, diffusers, grilles, dampers, heaters and filters.
- To your system ESP determined in **Step 2**, add 0.05 In. W.C. for a wet coil.
- From the system design, determine the desired cooling airflow in cubic feet per minute (CFM).
- Locate the unit's Blower Performance Data table in Figure 8. From the table, determine the speed tap required to achieve the desired airflow.
- See next section, *Speed Taps*, to set the blower motor speed terminal block (speed taps) to the cooling speed determined in the previous steps.

Speed Taps

After determining the required CFM and speed tap data from the Figure 8, follow the steps below to change speeds if necessary.

FIGURE 8	Blower Speed Tap Settings and Blower Performance Data																									
Blower Speed Tap Settings																										
	Rated Airflow										High Airflow															
2 TON	Tap 1					Tap 2					Tap 1					Tap 2										
2 ¹ / ₂ TON	Tap 2					Tap 3					Tap 3					Tap 4										
3 TON	Tap 1					Tap 2					Tap 2					Tap 3										
3 ¹ / ₂ TON	Tap 3					Tap 4					Tap 4					Tap 1										
4 TON	Tap 3 (Hi); 1 (Lo)					Tap 4 (Hi); 2 (Lo)					Tap 3 (Hi); 1 (Lo)					Tap 4 (Hi); 2 (Lo)										
5 TON	Tap 3 (Hi); 1 (Lo)					Tap 4 (Hi); 2 (Lo)					Tap 3 (Hi); 1 (Lo)					Tap 4 (Hi); 2 (Lo)										
BLOWER PERFORMANCE DATA																										
Model Number		PHM324K00A1				PHM330K00A1				PHM336K00A1				PHM342K00A1				PHM348K00A1				PHM354K00A1				
Speed Tap		1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
Air Delivery in CFM @ Varying External Static Pressure (in. w.c.)	0.1	1078	1170	-	-	-	1170	1266	-	-	-	1420	1497	-	-	-	1559	1694	1213	1299	1698	1974	1389	1461	2050	2179
	0.2	833	1102	-	-	-	1102	1221	-	-	-	1288	1438	-	-	-	1520	1657	1028	1226	1652	1924	1292	1417	2008	2132
	0.3	783	1052	-	-	-	1052	1184	-	-	-	1209	1387	-	-	-	1480	1620	909	1157	1601	1859	1228	1364	1965	2093
	0.4	720	1006	-	-	-	1006	1152	-	-	-	1170	1334	-	-	-	1438	1583	825	1094	1542	1813	1159	1296	1923	2049
	0.5	681	964	-	-	-	964	1121	-	-	-	1153	1294	-	-	-	1401	1550	762	1037	1494	1761	1104	1243	1874	2011
	0.6	615	921	-	-	-	921	1089	-	-	-	1106	1292	-	-	-	1359	1514	667	961	1442	1706	1043	1180	1828	1968
	0.7	489	881	-	-	-	881	1047	-	-	-	1065	1247	-	-	-	1318	1474	613	915	1390	1651	988	1129	1783	1921
	0.8	435	838	-	-	-	838	1017	-	-	-	1011	1208	-	-	-	1268	1437	-	841	1324	1602	940	1083	1734	1877
	0.9	378	789	-	-	-	789	985	-	-	-	967	1171	-	-	-	1218	1389	-	769	1265	1538	873	1026	1680	1830
	1	317	684	-	-	-	684	951	-	-	-	910	1117	-	-	-	1181	-	-	719	1201	1485	828	978	1622	1760
Notes:		Air Delivery @ listed external static pressure are taken at 230Volts with Dry coil, no filter and approved heater. For wet coil add .05 in. wc. to Static Pressure measurement. Note for 208 Volts applications, reduce airflow by 15%.																								

See Figure 5 for Blower Speed Tap Pigtail



NOTE: On Heat Pumps Electric heater blower wire must be attached to the same speed tap required for cooling/heat pump operation. The **yellow** lead **MUST** always be connected to the speed tap block at the common quick connect terminal. The terminal is identified as **COM**.

Refer to Figures 5 and 8 and the appropriate unit wiring diagram included in this manual. Wire the black wire to the required speed tap terminal to achieve required airflow determined in **Step 5**.

Cooling, Heating (Heat Pump) and Auxiliary Electric Strip Heat

NOTE: The cooling, heat pump and strip heat airflows are all on the same speed tap. The refrigerant system requires the same specific CFM for proper operation in the cooling and the heat pump mode. For this reason, cooling and heating airflow must be the same. **DO NOT SPLIT OUT INTO A COOLING SPEED AND**

HEATING SPEED. If auxiliary electric heat is installed, the auxiliary electric heat blower speed wire must be connected to the black wire insulated quick connect terminal.

Check Before Starting

- Check that the blower motor speed terminal block is set to the proper cooling speed. Refer to the unit wiring diagram and the various airflow tables in this manual.
- Check to see that clean, properly sized field supplied air filters are installed in the return air duct.
- Inspect the inside of the unit to be sure that all wires are in place and all tools, etc. are removed.
- Replace all service access panels.

Check the unit's operation as outlined in the following instructions. If any unusual sparking, odors or noises are

encountered, shut **OFF** electric power immediately. Recheck for wiring errors, or obstructions in or near blower motors.

Circulating Air Blower

1. Be sure electric power is **OFF**.
2. Set thermostat Heat-Cool selector to **OFF**.
3. Set thermostat fan switch to **AUTO**
4. Turn electric power **ON**. Nothing should start running.
5. Set thermostat fan switch to **ON**. The circulating air blower should come **ON**.
6. Reset thermostat fan switch to **AUTO**. The circulating air blower should go **OFF** after a 60 second delay for models PAM324-42 and 90 second delay for PAM348-54. Nothing should be running.

Cooling

1. Be sure that electric power is **OFF**.
2. Set thermostat Heat-Cool select to **COOL**.
3. Adjust thermostat setting to below room temperature.
4. Turn electric power **ON**. During power application check the following:
 - a. Contactor - Contacts closing
 - b. Compressor - **ON**
 - c. Condenser fan motor - **ON**
 - d. Circulating air blower - **ON** (after delay)
5. Switch the thermostat to **OFF**, check the following:
 - a. Contactor contacts opening.
 - b. Compressor - **OFF**
 - c. Condenser fan motor - **OFF**
 - d. Circulating blower - **OFF** (after delay)
6. Turn electric power **OFF**

9. Sequence of Operation

Cooling Operation (PAM324-42)

(1) On a call for cooling (Y)

The indoor fan energizes immediately whereas the contactor energizes after a 5 minute time delay (in case of an initial start up) starting the compressor and the outdoor fan motor.

(2) When the cooling setpoint has been satisfied

When the cooling demand is met, (Y) de-energizes, shutting off the compressor, indoor fan and the outdoor fan.

Cooling Operation (PAM348-54)

(1) On a call for cooling

These units utilize a 2 stage indoor thermostat. With a first stage call for cooling (Y1), the indoor fan (low stage) energizes immediately whereas the contactor energizes after a 5 minute time delay (in case of an initial start up) starting the compressor (low stage) and the outdoor fan motor. If the low stage operation cannot satisfy the cooling demand, the second stage cooling (Y2) energizes switching the compressor into high stage cooling through energizing an internal solenoid valve inside the scroll compressor and switching the indoor fan into high stage.

(2) When the cooling setpoint has been satisfied

When second stage cooling is satisfied, Y2 de-energizes switching the compressor and the indoor fan into low stage cooling. When the low stage cooling demand is met, Y1 de-energizes shutting off the compressor, indoor fan and the outdoor fan.

Heating Operation (PAM324-42)

(1) On a call for heating.....:

With a call for heating (W2), the auxiliary or electric heat energizes along with the Indoor blower. In case of staged heating, W3 is energized if the demand is not met. The highest airflow selected is run while the electric heat is in operation.

(2) When the heating setpoint has been satisfied

When heating demand is met, W3 and W2 sequentially de-energize shutting off the indoor fan and the electric heater.

Heating Operation (PAM348-54)

(1) On a call for heating.....:

With a call for heating (W2), the auxiliary electric heater is energized along with the Indoor blower. If the demand is not met, W3 is energized in case of staged heating.

(2) When the heating setpoint has been satisfied

When heating demand is satisfied, W3 and W2 sequentially de-energize along with the indoor fan blower.

Continuous Fan

With the continuous Indoor fan option selected on the thermostat, G is continuously energized. In case of 024 - 042 units, the selected airflow setting is provided. In the case of 048 and 054 units, the system runs low stage (Y1) airflow for continuous fan operation.

Low/High Pressure Controls

This unit is equipped with extra low and high pressure ports located inside the unit panel where the external high and low pressure ports are installed. This allows for installation of high and low pressure controls or low ambient controls.

10. Operation

Scroll Recycle Delay Timer

The defrost board is equipped with a recycle delay timer which will delay the start of the compressor for 5 minutes in the event of a power interruption. This sequences power throughout the system and prevents possible reverse rotation of the scroll compressor. The output of the timer controls the compressor contactor via a normally open contact of K3 (T2). The timer starts the delay cycle when the compressor is turned off by removal of "Y." If application of "Y" occurs before the timer has expired, the compressor contactor will not be energized until the timer has expired.

 CAUTION
REDUCED EQUIPMENT LIFE HAZARD
Failure to follow this caution may result in premature component failure.
Do NOT operate unit on cooling when the outdoor temperature is below 45°F or PAM324 and 40°F for PAM330-54. This is necessary to prevent possible damage to the compressor.

Pressure Switch

Loss of Charge Pressure Switch: Units are equipped with a low pressure switch on the liquid line (high side) which has been installed to prevent system damage due to a loss of charge. The switch will open and de-energize the contactor if the high side pressure drops below the set point of the switch.

High Pressure Switch: The PAM348-54 are equipped with a high pressure switch to protect the compressor.